Policy Type:	GOVERNANCE PROCESS POLICY GP 5		
Policy Title:	Chair's Role		
Last Updated:	September 24, 2015	Reviewed:	Annually in June

The Chair, a specially empowered member of the Board, assures the integrity of the Board's process and secondarily, represents the Board, as authorized by the Board, to outside parties.

- 1. The assigned result of the Chair's job is that the Board behaves consistently with its own rules and those legitimately imposed upon it from outside the organization.
  - a) Meeting discussion content will ordinarily only be those issues, which, according to Board policy, clearly belong to the Board to decide or to monitor.
  - b) Therefore, information that is not for either monitoring performance or making Board decisions will be avoided or minimized and always noted as such.
  - c) Deliberation will be fair, open and thorough, but also timely, orderly and kept to the point.
- 2. The authority of the Chair consists in making decisions that fall within the topics covered by Board policies on Governance Process and Board-CEO Delegation, with the exception of: employment or termination of the CEO; or where the Board specifically delegates portions of this authority to others. The Chair is authorized to use any reasonable interpretation of the provisions in these policies.
  - a) The Chair is empowered to chair Board meetings with all the commonly accepted power of that position (e.g. ruling, recognizing).
  - b) The Chair has no authority to make decisions within Ends and Executive Limitations policy areas. Therefore, the Chair has no authority to supervise or direct the CEO in these areas.
  - c) The Chair may represent the Board to outside parties in announcing Board-stated positions and in stating Chair decisions and interpretations within the areas delegated to the Chair.
  - d) The Chair may delegate this authority, but will remain accountable for its use.
- 3. The Chair's duties during meetings are outlined in the Board's Bylaws.